

#### **Export Competition**

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Diwakar DIXIT Agriculture and Commodities Division

# **Export Subsidies**

#### **Definition**

Article 1(e): Subsidies contingent upon export performance, including the export subsidies listed in Article 9

#### Legal Framework

unlike DS reduction commitments, these are on productspecific basis

General prohibition or reduction commitments ander
Article 2.2 of the AcA for listed supert subsidies

Article 3.3 of the AoA for listed export subsidies.

S&D: Article 9.4 - subsidies for marketing and internal transport (during the implementation period)

 Anti-circumvention provisions for non-listed export subsidies



# What are listed export subsidies (listed in Article 9.1)

- Direct subsidies contingent on export performance
- Sale or disposal for export by governments or their agencies of non-commercial stocks at prices below domestic market price
- Payments on exports financed by government action (including producer financed subsidies)
- Subsidies to reduce cost of marketing, including handling, upgrading, international transport and freight
- Favourable internal transport and freight charges on export shipments
- Subsidies on agricultural products contingent on their incorporation in exported products



# **Anti-Circumvention**

- Article 10.1 of the AoA prevention of undermining the export subsidy disciplines
  - "Other" export subsidies not to be applied in a manner which results in or threatens to lead to the circumvention of export subsidy commitments
  - Non-commercial transactions not to be used to circumvent export subsidy commitments
  - Work towards development of agreed disciplines on export credits, export credit guarantees or insurance programmes – never agreed!
  - Principles on food aid transactions



# **Export Subsidy Reductions achieved in UR**

	DEVELOPED	DEVELOPING
Implementation period	6 years 1995-2000	10 years 1995-2004
Cut in budgetary outlays	36%	24%
Cut in subsidized quantities	21%	14%

No reduction commitments for LDCs



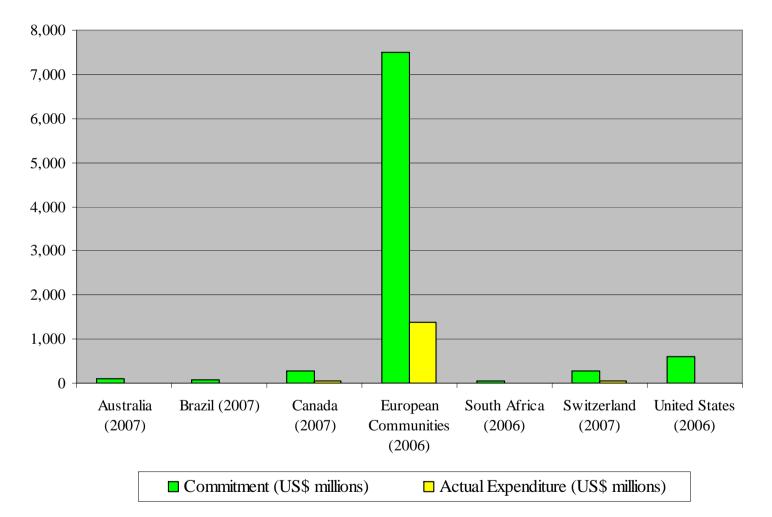
# Members with Scheduled Reduction Commitments

Number of products			
Australia <mark>(5)</mark>	EC (20*)	Panama <mark>(1)</mark>	
Bolivarian	lceland <mark>(2)</mark>	South Africa <mark>(62)</mark>	
Republic of	Indonesia <mark>(1)</mark>	Switz-Liecht. (5)	
Venezuela <mark>(72)</mark>	Israel <mark>(6)</mark>	Turkey <mark>(44)</mark>	
Brazil <mark>(16)</mark>	Mexico <mark>(5)</mark>	United States (13)	
Canada <mark>(11)</mark>	New Zealand (1)	Uruguay <mark>(3)</mark>	
Colombia <mark>(18)</mark>	Norway <mark>(11)</mark>		

7 other Members with scheduled reduction commitments have become member States of the EC.



# **Export Subsidy Use**





# **Export Competition issues in the negotiations**

#### mandate

"... reductions of, with a view to phasing out, all forms of export subsidies ..." to be completed by the <u>end</u> <u>of 2013</u>

What is included under "all forms of export subsidies":

- 'Listed' export subsidies
- export subsidy element in other export measures:
  - Export credits, insurance programmes and guarantees
  - International food aid
  - Agricultural exporting state trading enterprises



### **Export Subsidy Elimination**

	Developed Country Members	Developing Country Members
Elimination	End of 2013	End of 2016 (no reductions for LDCs)
Budgetary Outlays	50% by the end of 2010 and remaining by end 2013	Equal annual instalments
Quantity levels	Standstill at actual average 2003-05 levels – not to be used to new markets	Equal annual instalments
Article 9.4	NA	2021 (5 years after the end-date for elimination of export subsidies)



### **Export Credits – Key Elements**

#### Maximum repayment term: <u>180 days</u>

(Longer repayment period for LDCs and NFIDCs)

#### > Must be self-financing:

When premium rates are adequate to cover the operating costs and losses of the programme over a previous 4 year (6yrs for DgC) rolling period

Relevant ASCM provisions would apply



## Agricultural Exporting State Trading Enterprises (STEs)

- Provisions applicable to any exporting STEs meeting the definition set out in the Understanding on the Interpretation of Article XVII
- Elimination of:
  - Export subsidies
  - Government financing of STEs
  - Government underwriting of losses
  - Monopoly powers <u>except if trade in product</u> <u>small share of world trade</u>
- S&D provisions for DgCs, including SVEs and LDCs to maintain or use monopoly powers



# International Food Aid mandate

#### **July Framework:**

- In the context of elimination of "all forms of "export subsidies;
- Negotiations of disciplines and food aid to be provided only in conformity with those disciplines;
- Food aid disciplines to prevent **commercial displacement**

#### **Hong Kong Ministerial Declaration**

- Commitment to maintain an adequate level
- Take into account the interests of food aid recipients
- A "safe box" for bona fide food aid to ensure <u>no</u> <u>unintended impediment to dealing with emergency</u> <u>situations</u>
- Effective disciplines on *in-kind food aid*, <u>monetization</u> and <u>re-exports</u>



### **International Food Aid**

#### General disciplines

- Needs driven
- provided in fully grant form
- Not tied to commercial exports of goods or services
- Not re-exported (with exceptions)
- Primary role of recipient government

#### Emergency Food Aid (Safe Box)

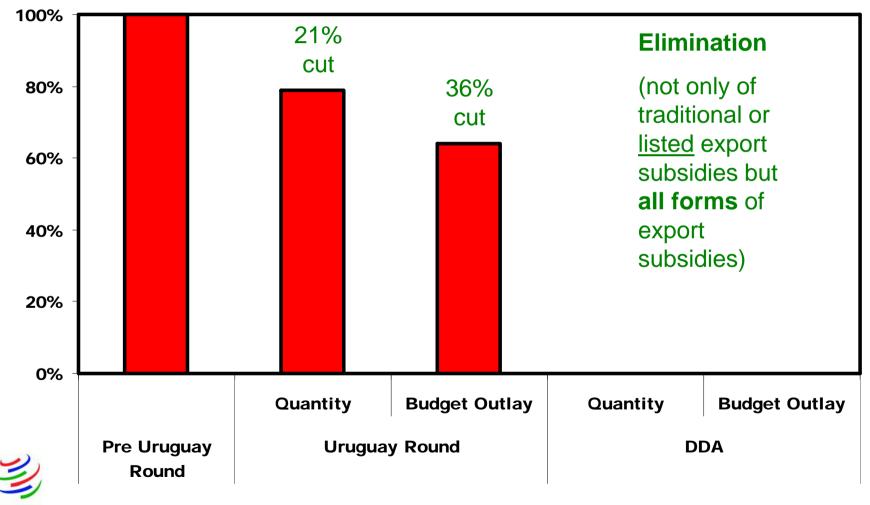
- Emergency declaration or emergency appeal combined with assessment of need by relevant UN Agency
- No monetisation except for LDCs for the purpose of transport and delivery

#### Non-Emergency Food Aid

- Based on a targeted assessment of need
- preventing or at least minimising commercial displacement
- Monetisation prohibited except under certain circumstances



#### DDA negotiations: an ambitious undertaking on Export Subsidies Uruguay Round vs DDA



# **THANK YOU**

